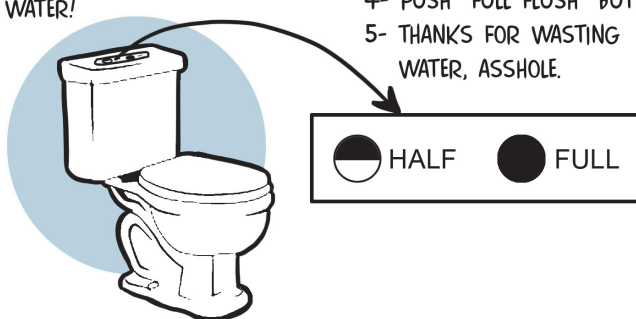


Atividade extra

Questão 01

DUAL FLUSH TOILETS	
HOW THEY SHOULD WORK:	HOW THEY ACTUALLY WORK:
1- LIQUIDS GET HALF FLUSH, SOLIDS FULL FLUSH; 2- CONGRATULATIONS, YOU CONSERVED WATER!	1- PEE; 2- PUSH "HALF FLUSH" BUTTON; 3- IT DIDN'T GO DOWN; 4- PUSH "FULL FLUSH" BUTTON; 5- THANKS FOR WASTING WATER, ASSHOLE.



<http://beartoons.com/2013/01/16/how-to-operate-a-dual-flush-toilet/>

As instruções apresentadas no cartaz ensinam como realizar a seguinte tarefa:

- a. growing food;
- b. brushing teeth;
- c. flushing toilets;
- d. watering lawns .

Questão 02



<http://pt.wikipedia.org/wiki/Polui%C3%A7%C3%A3o>

Lack of safe water and sanitation is the world's single largest cause of illness. In 2002, 42 per cent of households had no toilets, and one in six people had no access to safe water.

The young and the old are particularly vulnerable. Over 90 per cent of deaths from diarrheal diseases due to unsafe water and sanitation in the developing world occur in children below 5 years old.

The poor are especially hard hit. A child born in Europe or the United States is 520 times less likely to die from diarrheal disease than an infant in sub-Saharan Africa, where only 36 per cent of the population can access hygienic sanitation.

Urban-rural disparities are striking. In 2002, only 37 per cent of rural inhabitants had access to basic toilets, against 81 per cent of urban dwellers. The disparities were greatest in Latin America and the Caribbean, with a difference of 40 percentage points between rural and urban populations.

Texto disponível em: http://www.unicef.org/wash/index_31600.html

De acordo com as informações apresentadas no texto complete a lacuna. _____ é a maior causa mundial de doenças:

- a. A falta de água potável e saneamento.
- b. A vulnerabilidade de jovens e idosos.
- c. A desigualdade urbano-rural.
- d. A diarreia.

Questão 03



<http://www.sxc.hu/photo/976403>

With a total area of 6.8 million square miles, South America accounts for almost 3.5 percent of the Earth's surface. The continent ranks fourth in area and fifth in population. South America's biodiversity accounts for a major proportion of the planet's species, including such unique animals as the llama, anaconda, piranha, jaguar, vicuña and tapir. South America is a place of extremes: It is home to the driest place on Earth (the Atacama Desert) and one of the wettest (the Amazon Rainforest; and it contains the world's highest commercially navigable lake (Lake Titicaca) and the southernmost permanently inhabited community (Puerto Toro, Chile).

Disponível em: <http://www.nature.org/ourinitiatives/regions/southamerica/index.htm>

Após a leitura do texto concluímos que a América do Sul é o quinto continente:

- a. com a maior superfície terrestre;
- b. com biodiversidade de espécies;
- c. com a maior população;
- d. onde mais chove.

Questão 04



http://www.unicef.org/brazil/pt/media_25190.htm

texto disponível em: <http://cleanwaterfortheworld.org/faq/>

Every 15 seconds, a child dies from water-related diseases.

Every day 4,500 children die from water-related diseases.

1.8 million children die each year from diarrhea, generally from drinking contaminated water.

1.1 billion people lack access to any clean water supply - 1/6 of all the people on earth.

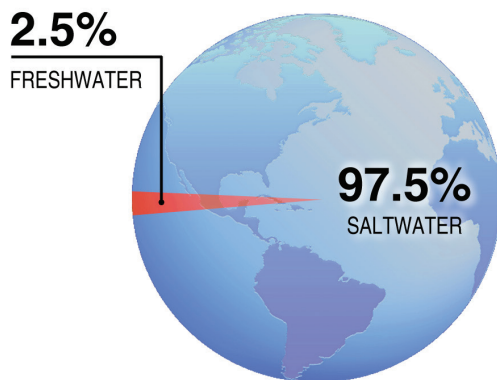
Millions of women and children spend several hours a day collecting water from distant, often polluted sources.

Segundo o texto, quantas crianças morrem por dia por conta de doenças relacionadas com a água contaminada?

- a. 1;
- b. 15;
- c. 4.500;
- d. 1.800.000;

Questão 05

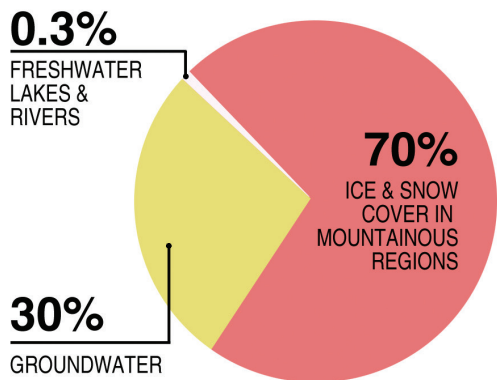
Total World Water



Responda em português.

- a. De acordo com o gráfico 1, qual o percentual que faz referência à quantidade de água salgada na Terra?
- b. De acordo com o gráfico 2, qual o percentual que faz referência à quantidade de água doce na Terra, considerando lagos e rios?

Breakdown of fresh water resources



Gabarito:

Questão 1

- A** **B** **C** **D**

Questão 2

- A** **B** **C** **D**

Questão 3

- A** **B** **C** **D**

Questão 4

- A** **B** **C** **D**

Questão 5

- a. O percentual que faz referência à quantidade de água salgada na Terra é de 97,5%
- b. O percentual que faz referência à quantidade de água doce na Terra, considerando lagos e rios, é de 0,3%.