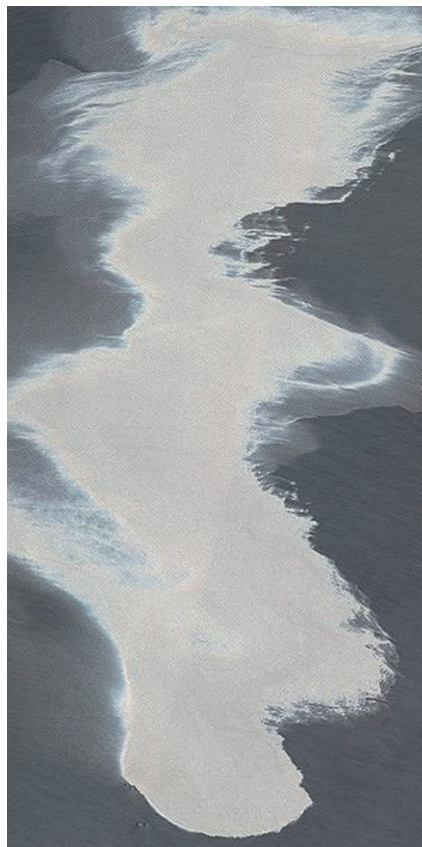


Atividade extra

Questão 01



Fonte: [http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Oil_Leak_from_Damaged_Well_in_Gulf_of_Mexico_\(Close_Up\).jpg](http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Oil_Leak_from_Damaged_Well_in_Gulf_of_Mexico_(Close_Up).jpg)

The environmental damage caused by BP's Gulf of Mexico oil spill may have been grossly exaggerated, a growing body of experts is suggesting.

In a bold move, scientists have dismissed the torrent of grim predictions from President Obama and environmentalists as 'hype' with no data to back it up.

Instead, those working on the ground say the oil is breaking up far more quickly than expected and the number of birds being killed is low.

Just days after the Deepwater Horizon leak was capped two weeks ago, coastal grass began to grow back, as did trees which serve as breeding grounds for fish and other wildlife.

Disponível em: <http://www.dailymail.co.uk/sciencetech/article-1299074/So-great-BP-environmental-disaster-Gulf-Mexico-hyped.html#ixzz2fC99fwYL>

1. What kind of disaster environmental can you read at the News?
 - a. fire
 - b. oil spill
 - c. wildfire
 - d. tsunami

Questão 02



Fonte: http://www.flickr.com/photos/fabio_dsp/1835511856/sizes/m/in/photostream/

A ChildFund survey, released today, of more than 6,200 children across the world, reveals that children globally are deeply concerned about pollution and the risk of natural disasters. One-third of children cite pollution as the environmental problem they worry most about, while one-fifth are most concerned about natural disasters, such as drought, earthquakes and floods.

For Australian children, pollution was also the biggest environmental issue (33 per cent*), followed by natural disasters (19 per cent) and climate change (15 per cent). Australian children say they want to see action to improve their own communities by putting a stop to littering (31 per cent) and planting more trees (18 per cent).

Disponível em: <http://www.childfund.org.au/blog/childfund-survey-reveals-pollution-and-natural-disasters-are-top-two-environmental-concerns>

1. After to read the text, mark the alternative that to refers 33 per cent.

- a. pollution

- b. climate change
- c. natural disasters
- d. planting more trees

Questão 03

After last year's BP oil spill and other environmental disasters, hopes were high that 2011 would be a better year. But optimism faded with the nuclear meltdown at Fukushima in March, which turned out to be the crown jewel in a year of devastation around the world.

Weather disasters caused \$52 billion in damage in the United States alone this year, and the rest of the planet didn't fare much better. Drought was followed by famine in East Africa and by wildfires in Texas, while Pakistan and Thailand were hit by flooding.

As 2011 draws to a close, here's a look back at the worst environmental moments of the past 12 months, with the hope that remembering the past will improve the future.

Disponível em: <http://www.treehugger.com/slideshows/climate-change/2011-year-in-environmental-disasters/>

1. De acordo com o texto, de que forma foi atingida a população no leste da África?
 - a. fome
 - b. incêndio
 - c. inundação
 - d. vazamento em usina nuclear

Questão 04

Another shocking environmental disaster has hit China's waterways. Earlier this summer, 16,000 dead pigs floated through Shanghai's river and then 1,000 dead ducks emerged in the Sichuan river; now, an estimated 100,000 kilograms of dead fish have surfaced in Wuhan's Fu river. The thick floating blanket of rotting fish were poisoned by a recent chemical discharge. Disponível em: <http://inhabitat.com/100000-kilograms-of-dead-fish->

-surface-in-polluted-river-in-chinas-latest-environment-disaster/

1. Os rios da China receberam uma descarga química que matou porcos, patos e peixes. Em que região da China os porcos foram encontrados?
 - a. Beijing
 - b. Sichuan
 - c. Shangai
 - d. Wuhan's Fu

Questão 05

Hurricane Sandy is strengthening - and it's closing in on New York City.

According to the National Hurricane Center's 8 a.m. advisory, the storm's maximum sustained winds have maintained a speed of 85 miles per hour. The monster storm is about 310 miles southeast of the city and continues to speed up.

It is moving toward the north-northwest at 20 mph. Hurricane-force winds extend up to 175 miles from the storm's center.

The worst of the storm - including a "life-threatening" seawater surge of anywhere from 6 to 11 feet - is expected in the region after 4 p.m.

"The afternoon commute should be just horrific. We're talking record-level flooding along the Hudson River, plenty of debris being flown around, widespread outages," said AccuWeather meteorologist Mark Paquette. He added that high tides will surge as much as 11 feet above normal high tide tonight because of storm surges and a full moon.

By SALLY GOLDENBERG, DAVID SEIFMAN and ANDY SOLTIS Last Updated: 9:55 AM, October 29, 2012 Posted: 9:19 AM, October 28, 2012. Disponível em: http://www.nypost.com/p/news/national/hurricane_sandy_could_wreak_havoc_LXtmRoECZiHJqnsqgqxZL

1. How far is the hurricane-force extending to north-northwest?

Gabarito

Questão 1

- A** **B** **C** **D**

Questão 2

- A** **B** **C** **D**

Questão 3

- A** **B** **C** **D**

Questão 4

- A** **B** **C** **D**

Questão 5

Proposta de Resposta: O furacão está se movendo em direção ao noroeste a 20 metros por hora.